65 years after Bandung: what rupture and what continuity in Global Order?

65 ans après Bandung: quelle rupture et quelle continuité dans l’Ordre global?
BRICS AND THE RISE OF ASIA

INTERNATIONAL AND MULTIDISCIPLINARY CONFERENCE
Paris, Université Paris 1 Panthéon-Sorbonne, February 12, 2020
Le Havre, Université Le Havre Normandie, February 13-14, 2020
http://www.bandungspirit.org/

CALL FOR PAPERS AND FOR PARTICIPATION

The conference is open to individual and group paper presentations. Those willing to present their papers are invited to submit their abstracts before August 31, 2019. The selected abstracts will be communicated to their authors in October 2019. Please, follow the instruction below.

INTRODUCTION

THE BRICS REALY: The permanent coordination between Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa (BRICS), formally established in 2009 — initially as BRIC and then transformed into BRICS in 2011 with the enlargement to South Africa — has established itself for some time in the international arena as an important geopolitical and geo-economic reality, an original point of reference for a new vision of progress, a new multilateralism between the different continental areas, the construction of new conditions to consolidate the peace among peoples as well as promote a more balanced economic and social development.

PRINCIPLES: This coordination, which operates on the basis of clear principles of respect for national sovereignty and territorial integrity and with a working method defined as “pragmatic cooperation”, has two main objectives: to reform the current international system, in its multiple aspects, and to promote and strengthen the meeting between different civilizations, in full respect of specific identities. From the cultural point of view this BRICS model can be defined as a sum of national identities, not an integration / cancellation of the same.

WORKING METHOD: Functional to the pursuit of these objectives are the annual periodical summits between the heads of state and government, under the rotating chairmanship of each BRICS member state, the numerous preparatory meetings of specialized bodies set up for this purpose, the cooperation agreements signed
between the BRICS states in the most diverse areas of political-institutional, economic-financial, cultural-scientific, social action.

BRICS STRATEGY: Since 2017, the BRICS have approved a new international cooperation strategy, the “BRICS Plus” strategy, to build new regional platforms, strengthen collaboration practices and consolidate the consensus acquired with their initiative in the major continental areas, in particular among the emerging markets and developing countries (EMDCs). A major general aim defined by the Final Declaration of the 2017 Summit is to enable “all countries and people to share the benefits of globalization” and to contribute “to the global governance”, to build an “open, inclusive and balanced economic globalization”. To this aim, cooperation has to be intended as South-South cooperation, which, in turn, aims at “redressing North-South development imbalances and promoting global growth”.

Aims of the session

The BRICS session offers the participating experts the opportunity to update their knowledge of this original international coordination and to analyse in depth their strategies and policies. The main issues are related to:

A-Analysis and comments of the results achieved by the BRICS coordination during the Brazilian BRICS chairmanship 2019 and the new commitments, policies and plans defined for the Russian BRICS chairmanship 2020.

B-The contribution by BRICS to the achievement of a new global order according its political, economic, social, scientific, cultural initiatives. The BRICS contribution to the implementation of UN Agenda 2030 for a sustainable development.

C-The BRICS and the International institutions, agencies, bodies. The relationships with other regional co-ordinations as Eurasian Economic Union, SCO, African Union, Mercosur, others. South-South cooperation versus North-South cooperation.

D-BRICS: The value of the general and sectoral agreements; general and specific assessment.

E BRICS’ strategic plans: economy and finance, trade, science and education, technology and innovation, energy, infrastructures, climate changes, universal health coverage, aging population and demographic changes, urban development. The role of the economic-financial BRICS institutions: the New Development Bank (NDB), Contingent Reserve Arrangement (CRA).

Marco Ricceri
Co-ordinator EURISPES - BRICS-LAB
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GUIDELINES FOR PRESENTER CANDIDATES

The selection of presenters is based on the abstract and the basic personal data of the presenter candidates in respect to the following dates:
1. Deadline of abstract submission: August 31, 2019
2. Announce of the selected presenters: October 2019
3. Deadline of full paper submission: December 31, 2019
The abstract is limited to approximately 300 words (figures, tables, and references should not be included in the abstract) accompanied by basic personal data of the author(s) including:
- Full name and surname
- Gender (male/female/other)
- University title (if any)
- Specialism (if any)
- Professional category (lecturer/researcher or activist/practitioner or both)
- Institution/organisation/company
- Function in institution/organisation/company
- Full address (physical/postal address, phone and fax numbers, email)

The basic personal data are to be presented below the abstract (in the same file of the abstract, not in a separate file)

The full paper is to be presented according to the following basic rule:
- Paper size: A4 (kwarto)
- Margins: 2.5 cm from all the borders (top, bottom, left, right)
- Interline: double space
- Typography: Times New Roman, 12 points
- Article size: around 4000 words
- Language: English, British style, article to be checked by a competent person in language editing before submission

The abstract with basic personal data and the full paper are to be sent by e-mail to the following e-mail address: conference-masterasie@univ-lehavre.fr

FINANCING

The organising committee does not provide travel grant to any participant. The presenters as well as simple participants of the conference are supposed to find the necessary fund for their own participation (visa, international and national transport, accommodation).

REGISTRATION FOR PAPER PRESENTERS

The selected abstract authors will receive a notification and be requested to confirm their participation. Those who confirm will be automatically registered by the organising committee and exempted from registration fee. Before the conference, they will receive an official invitation to present their papers in the conference. And during the conference, if they are present, they will receive the following items for free:
1) A personalised badge
2) A copy of conference booklet
3) A certificate of participation
4) Drinks and snacks during all the coffee sessions of the conference in Le Havre
5) Two lunches and two dinners in Le Havre

REGISTRATION FOR SIMPLE PARTICIPANTS

The conference is open to public with or without registration. However, those who are registered will receive an official invitation to attend the conference. And during the conference, if they are present, they will receive:
1) A personalised badge
2) A copy of conference booklet
3) A certificate of participation
4) Drinks and snacks during all the coffee sessions of the conference in Le Havre
5) Two lunches and two dinners in Le Havre for those registered with meals

Registration fee: 20 euros (without meal) or 60 euros (with 4 meals).

The registration payment is to be done online between December 16, 2019 and January 17, 2020 through a bank transfer procedure indicated some time before the opening date.

**PRACTICAL MATTERS**

The organising committee will provide practical information related to local hotels and transport in Paris and Le Havre. The participants will be accompanied by students of the Université Le Havre Normandie in Master's Degree in Exchanges with Asia (with their language proficiencies in Chinese, Indonesian, Japanese, Korean and Russian, in addition to English and French) and Master’s Degree in Exchanges with Latin America (with their language proficiencies in Portuguese and Spanish, in addition to English and French).