THE RISE OF ASIA
IN GLOBAL HISTORY AND PERSPECTIVE
LA MONTEE DE L’ASIE
EN HISTOIRE ET PERSPECTIVE GLOBALES

60 years after Belgrade: what non-alignment in a multipolar world and for a global future?

60 ans après Belgrade : quel non-alignement dans un monde multipolaire et pour un avenir mondial ?

CONFERENCE PROGRAMME

INTERNATIONAL AND INTERDISCIPLINARY WEBCONFERENCE
Paris, Université Paris 1 Panthéon-Sorbonne, February 10, 2021
Le Havre, Université Le Havre Normandie, February 11-12, 2021

In collaboration with
Master’s Degree in Management and International Trade – Exchanges with Asia
Bachelor’s Degree in Applied Languages – English and Asian Languages
Université Le Havre Normandie

Kirori Mal College
University of Delhi
INDIA

Université Le Havre
Normandie
FRANCE

Université Paris 1
Panthéon-Sorbonne
FRANCE

Universitas Airlangga
Surabaya
INDONESIA

Graphic Design © Darwis Khudori
60 YEARS AFTER BELGRADE: WHAT NON-ALIGNMENT IN A MULTIPOLAR WORLD AND FOR A GLOBAL FUTURE?

INTERNATIONAL AND INTERDISCIPLINARY WEBCONFERENCING
French Time Zone February 10-12, 2021
http://www.bandungspirit.org/

The conference is open to public with registration free of charge. To register and get the conference programme, please, visit the conference web site frequently and click on the conference poster.

INTRODUCTION

"NAM must continue to be a voice of reason and moderation, and must never fail to work, within the framework of the UN Charter, for peace, stability, human progress and justice, even when it seems difficult."


Both the United Nations and NAM aim to achieve International Peace and Security. The United Nations emerged in 1945 from a destructive World War, to “save future generation from the scourge of war”. NAM was formed in 1961, at the height of the Cold War, to achieve a world of peace and justice, with respect and solidarity, at the heart of cooperation and development.

The ideals emphasized by the United Nations, to guarantee peace, are the same that NAM stands for. This include the respect of fundamental human rights, sovereignty and territorial integrity of all nations, non-intervention in the internal affairs of countries, equality of all races and nations, as well as the peaceful resolution of all international conflicts.

The aforementioned are part of the Bandung Principles and continue to be relevant today, as they are critical for the attainment of international peace and security, as well as the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

[...]
It is impossible to talk of the achievements of the United Nations, without mentioning the contribution of NAM, particularly the many ways the movement reinforces the principles of the Charter of the United Nations – through opposition against colonialism, racism, hegemony, aggression, as well as foreign intervention and/or occupation. The values the Movement bring to bear on the world, through the cooperation of its member states with the United Nations, cannot be taken for granted.

We need to work for the upholding of the Bandung Principles in addressing violent conflicts, terrorism, renewed nuclear and other armament threats, climate change and its repercussions. We must deepen multilateral cooperation to succeed in this important endeavor.

We must bear in mind that the end of the Cold War has not diminished the role of NAM in the international system and its members cannot rest on their oars. Today the major task is to ensure that the aforementioned challenges are tackled with the same fervor of NAM’s earlier years.

It is important to also remember that the reality of our world is that developing countries continue to suffer from the protracted crises from the era predating the NAM. They also suffer the most from the ravages of conflicts, wars and disregard for international law, fueled by geopolitics. For these reasons, it is important that NAM focus appropriately on issues of respect for human rights and justice, sustainable development, and democratization – as these align very well with the Bandung principles, as well as the Charter of the United Nations.

The Movement needs to work within the United Nations to strengthen the peace and security architecture, particularly making a priority of prevention. This also entails that drivers of conflict such as poverty, lack of access to education, inequality, and employment opportunities, must also be tackled head-on.

We must focus particularly on ensuring that youth, women and girls can effectively participate in society. We also have to make adequate provision for people with disabilities to function. Among other things, governments should facilitate and ensure that the girl child can get quality education.

It is important to consistently advocate for the creation of a mutually beneficial international economic space through the creation, development and diffusion of new innovations and technologies. This could be done within the framework of the South-South Cooperation.

If we will make appreciable progress, we must ensure the equal participation of women in the economic sector, as it is not smart to exclude half of the population from the productive sector. In communities that are in conflict, or recovering from conflict, it is important to include women in the reconciliation and peace building efforts.

Without doubt, the continued upholding of the NAM principles will mean that NAM members, show solidarity, friendly resolution of differences, and a determination to never engage in bitter rivalries; but instead prioritize cooperation, mutual interest and respect. Member States of the Movement must continue to rally themselves to ensure that they are better able to deal with challenges that confront them.

(H.E. Tijjani Muhammad Bande, ibid.)

The quotation above raises many questions, especially these sentences: “We must bear in mind that the end of the Cold War has not diminished the role of NAM in the international system and its members cannot rest on their oars. Today the major task is to ensure that the aforementioned challenges are tackled with the same fervor of NAM’s earlier years.” 60 years after the 1961
Belgrade Conference of Non-Aligned Countries, the bipolar geopolitical order of the world has disappeared since 30 years, if it is counted from the fall of the Soviet Union in 1991. Yet, the Non-Aligned Movement as alternative to bipolarism continues to operate. It is the largest grouping of states worldwide after the UN. 120 state members of the movement continue to organise periodically their summit involving their heads of state or of government. The most recent one was the 18th and took place on October 25-26, 2019 in Baku, Azerbaijan. How come the movement continues to survive while the bipolarism as its “raison d’être” does not exist anymore? Is there any “hidden meaning” of “non-alignment”? Is there any “non-alignment” on other issues than “bipolarism”?

In his view, Samir Amin affirmed that Bandung and Non Aligned Movement were essentially, since the beginning, “non-aligned” to imperialism, colonialism and domination that now metamorphosed into globalisation. “The real story of Bandung and Non-Alignment that arose from it showed that the peoples of Asia and Africa actually seized at the time an initiative by themselves and for themselves. The reader will find in what I have written a demonstration that the Non-Alignment was already a movement of countries non aligned on globalisation in contrast to the globalisation that the imperialist powers wanted to impose on countries that had regained their independence, substituting the deceased colonialism with a neocolonialism.” He continued: “Non-Alignment constituted a refusal to comply with the requirements of this renewed imperialist globalisation. Imperialism won the battle, for the moment at least. Non-Alignment was, therefore, itself a positive factor in the transformation of the world for the better, despite all its limitations.” And finally: “We can therefore say that even if the world today is no longer that of 1960 – a banal and obvious observation – the Movement of Non-Aligned there was already 60-year ago was a Movement of countries Non Aligned on Globalisation, that globalisation they wanted to impose on us at the time.” (Samir Amin, The Revival of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, May 2014, article published at several websites including https://www.globalresearch.ca/the-revival-of-the-movement-of-non-aligned-countries/5383510). It is in line with his theory of “Delinking” defined in short as “the refusal to submit national development strategy to the imperative of globalization” (Samir Amin, A Note on the Concept of Delinking. Review, Fernand Braudel Center, vol. 10, no. 3, 1987, pp. 435-444. JSTOR, www.jstor.org/stable/40241067).

How about facts and realities? Do the state members of NAM agree with the view of Tijjani Muhammad Bande and/or Samir Amin? Are the NAM state members “non-aligned” to globalisation? Does the national development strategy of the NAM state members reflect a “delinking” phenomenon? How are the relations between NAM state members with former blocs of superpowers: the West Bloc (Western Europe and North America) and the East Bloc (Central and Eastern Europe, Russia, China), past and present? What are the role and the place of peoples and other non-state actors, civil society, social and solidarity movements, academics, workers, trade unions… in this global geopolitics?

It is to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the Belgrade Conference of Non-Aligned Countries that those questions are chosen to be the main subject of presentation and discussion of the fifth edition of The Rise of Asia Conference Series. It encourages the participation of scholars from a wide range of scientific disciplines (area studies, cultural studies, ecology, economics, geography, history, humanities, languages, management, political and social sciences…) and practitioners from diverse professional fields (business, civil society, education, enterprise, government, management, parliament, public policy, social and solidarity movements…) as well as artists and writers, based in diverse geographical areas (Africa, North, Central and South America, Australia, Asia, the Caribbean, Europe, Oceania, Pacific…).

See the full programme at the following pages.
## PROGRAMME DAY1

**WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 10, 2021**

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<tr>
<td>09:15-09:45</td>
<td>PARIS OPENING SESSION</td>
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<td>09:45-10:00</td>
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| 10:00-12:00 | **SESSION 1: THE GENESIS OF NAM - THE INITIATIVE OF FIVE**  
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Christina Wu  
NASSER by Mohamed Echime  
NEHRU by Manoranjan Mohanty  
NKROMAH by Amzat Boukari-Yabar  
SOEKARNO by Darwis Khudori  
TITO by Jovan Cavoski |
| 12:00-13:30 | LUNCH BREAK |
| 13:30-13:45 | INSTALLATION/CONNECTION |
| 13:45-14:45 | **SESSION 2: THE 1961 BELGRADE NAM CONFERENCE ARCHIVES**  
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta  
YUGOSLAVIAN AUDIO-VISUAL ARCHIVES ON BELGRADE NAM CONFERENCE by Mila Turajlic |
| 14:45-16:30 | **SESSION 3: NAM AND GLOBAL ISSUES Part 1**  
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta  
GEOPOLITICAL ECONOMY by Prabhat Patnaik  
GEOPOLITICS-GLOBALISATION-REGIONALISATION by Istvan Tarrosy  
CULTURES-IDENTITIES-IDEOLOGIES by Isaac Bazé  
ECOLOGY-SUSTAINABILITY by Devon Dublin |
| 16:30-16:45 | COFFEE BREAK/ADJUSTMENT |
| 16:45-18:15 | **SESSION 3: NAM AND GLOBAL ISSUES Part 2**  
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta  
INFORMATION-COMMUNICATION-TECHNOLOGY-MEDIA by Dimitris Konstantakopoulos  
ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT by Kate Hudson  
GENDER AND WOMEN’S ISSUES by Bidyut Mohanty/Diah Arianti Arinbi/Seema Mehra Parihar  
NEW GLOBALISM IN A POST-COVID WORLD by Manoranjan Mohanty |

## PROGRAMME DAY2

**THURSDAY FEBRUARY 11, 2021**

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ASIA 1  
3-5 countries  
AFRICA 1  
3-5 countries  
ICT & MEDIA  
3-4 speakers  
WESTERN WORLD  
3-5 speakers  
GEOPOLITICS 1  
3-5 speakers  
GENDER 1  
3-5 speakers |
| 11:20-13:45 | LUNCH BREAK |
| 13:45-14:00 | INSTALLATION/CONNECTION |
| 14:00-15:30 |  
ASIA 2  
3-5 countries  
AFRICA 2  
3-5 countries  
LATIN AMERICA 1  
3-5 countries  
CULTURE  
3-4 speakers  
GEOPOLITICS 2  
3-4 speakers  
GENDER 2  
3-4 speakers |
| 15:30-15:45 | BREAK/INSTALLATION/CONNECTION |
| 15:45-17:15 |  
ASIA 3  
3-5 countries  
AFRICA 3  
3-5 countries  
LATIN AMERICA 2  
3-5 countries  
ASIA BUSINESS 1  
3-4 speakers  
GEOPOLITICS 3  
3-4 speakers  
GENDER 3  
3-4 speakers |

## PROGRAMME DAY3

**FRIDAY FEBRUARY 12, 2021**

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</table>
CEE & RUSSIA  
3-5 countries  
MEDITERRANEAN  
3-4 speakers  
ECOLOGY  
3-4 speakers  
ASIA BUSINESS 2  
3-4 speakers  
NEW GLOBALISM 1  
3-4 speakers  
GENDER 4  
3-4 speakers |
| 10:30-10:45 | INSTALLATION/CONNECTION |
| 10:45-12:15 |  
NEW GLOBALISM 2  
3-4 speakers  
BRICS-G20  
3-5 speakers  
ARMS CONTROL  
3-5 speakers  
ASIA BUSINESS 3  
3-4 speakers  
GEOPOLITECONOMY  
3-4 speakers  
GENDER 5  
3-4 speakers |
| 12:15-14:00 | LUNCH BREAK |
| 14:00-15:00 | BREAK/CLUSTER CHAIRPERSONS’ REPORT PREPARATION |
| 15:00-17:15 | SESSION 34: PLENARY REPORT FROM EVERY CLUSTER (17 clusters) |
| 17:15-17:45 | SESSION 35: CONCLUDING REMARKS: Manoranjan Mohanty |
| 17:45-18:00 | WORDS OF THANKS: Darwis Khudori |

See the list of speakers and topics at the following page.
WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 10, 2021

Plenary Sessions

09:00-09:15  RECEPTION/INSTALLATION/CONNECTION

09:15-09:45  PARIS OPENING SESSION
Chair: Darwis Khudori (GRIC, Le Havre)
1) CHAC, Paris 1: Hugues Tertrais (10 minutes)
2) Kirori Mal College, University of Delhi, India: Seema Mehra Parihar (10 minutes)
3) Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya, Indonesia: Diah Ariani Arimbi (10 minutes)

09:45-10:00  INSTALLATION/CONNECTION

SESSION 1 10:00-12:00 THE GENESIS OF NAM-The Initiative of Five
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Christina Wu
NASSER by Mohamed Elchime
NEHRU by Manoranjan Mohanty
NKRUMAH by Amzat Boukari-Yabara
SOEKARNO by Darwis Khudori
TITO by Jovan Cavoski

SESSION 2 13:45-14:45 THE GENESIS OF NAM-The 1961 Belgrade Audio-visual Archives
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta
YUGOSLAVIAN AUDIO-VISUAL ARCHIVES by Mila Turajlic

SESSION 3 15:00-16:30 BELGRADE 60 YEARS ON in Global Perspectives – Part 1
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta
GEOPOLITICAL ECONOMY by Prabhat Patnaik
GEOPOLITICS-GLOBALISATION-REGIONALISATION by Istvan Tarrosy
CULTURES-IDENTITIES-IDEOLOGIES by Isaac Bazié
ECOLOGY-SUSTAINABILITY by Devon Dublin

SESSION 3 16:45-18:15 BELGRADE 60 YEARS ON in Global Perspectives – Part 2
Co-chairs: Darwis Khudori & Akhil Dutta
INFORMATION-COMMUNICATION-TECHNOLOGY-MEDIA by Dimitris Konstantakopoulos
ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT by Kate Hudson
GENDER AND WOMEN'S ISSUES by Bidyut Mohanty/Diah Ariani Arimbi/Seema Mehra Parihar
NEW GLOBALISM IN A POST-COVID WORLD by Manoranjan Mohanty

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 11, 2021

09:00-09:15  RECEPTION/INSTALLATION/CONNECTION

09:15-09:45  LE HAVRE OPENING SESSION
Chair: Darwis Khudori
1) C/o President of the University Le Havre Normandy: Mickaël Hauchecorne – (10 minutes)
2) C/o Dean of Faculty of International Affairs: Fabien Botinni (10 minutes)
3) First Director of Master's Degree in Exchanges with Asia: Jean-Paul Barbiche (10 minutes)

09:45-10:00  INSTALLATION/CONNECTION

Parallel Sessions

SESSION 4 10:00-12:00 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Asian Perspectives 1
Co-chairs: Nisar Ul-Haq & Marzia Casolari
BANGLADESH by Hasan Tarique Chowdhury
CHINA by Yin Zhiguang
INDIA by Ambikesh Kumar Tripathi
INDONESIA by Faishal Aminuddin
MALAYSIA by Mohamed Mustafa Ishak

SESSION 5 14:00-15:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Asian Perspectives 2
Co-chairs: Nisar Ul-Haq & Marzia Casolari
LEBANON by Boutros Labaki
NEPAL by Shreedhar Gautam
PALESTINE by Ziad Medoukh & Noha Khalaf
PAKISTAN by Zahid Anwar

SESSION 6 15:45-17:15 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Asian Perspectives 3
Co-chairs: Nisar Ul-Haq & Marzia Casolari
SRI LANKA by Irasha Sirivardhane
IRAN by Ali Mohaghegh
The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications

NORTH KOREA by Marco Milani
VIETNAM by Le Hang Nga (represented by a text)

SESSION 7 10:00-12:00 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from African Perspectives 1 (in French)
Co-chairs: Amzat Boukari-Yabar & Noël Magloire Ndoba
ALGERIA by Abdelkader Zighem
TUNISIA by Mohammed Larbi Haouat
GHANA-GONGO by Elisabeth Dikizeko
CONGO by Noël Magloire Ndoba
COTE D’IVOIRE by Mohamed Boubacard N’Guessan et Cho Epouse Moustapha Brou
MOROCCO by Fatima Harrak (represented by a text)

SESSION 8 14:00-15:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from African Perspectives 2 (in English)
Co-chairs: Mohamed Elchime & Jean-Jacques Ngor Sène
EGYPT by Mohamed Elchime
ETHIOPIA by Alemseged Abbay
NIGERIA by Oka Obono
SOUTH AFRICA by Siphamandla Zondi

SESSION 9 15:45-17:15 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from African Perspectives 3 (in French)
Co-chairs: Amzat Boukari-Yabar & Noël Magloire Ndoba
GUINEA by Mamadou Alou Diao
MALI by Daouda Tékété
SENÉGAL by Jean-Jacques Ngor Sène
BURKINA FASO by Isaac Bazié

SESSION 10 10:00-12:00 Information-Communication-Technology-Media
Co-chairs: Dimitris Konstantakopoulos & Tsvetelin Anastasov
BISSIO Beatriz, Third World Magazine in NAM Perspective of a New Global Information Order
WADE Adama, Information, Communication, Média 60 ans du MNA dans une perspective africaine
ANASTASOV Tsvetelin, China's AI Dominance

SESSION 11 14:00-15:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Latin American & The Caribbean Perspectives 1
Co-chairs: Beatriz Bissio & Monica Bruckmann
CHILE by Isabel Cabana
COLOMBIA by José David Moreno
BRAZIL by Samuel Pinheiro Guimarães
PERU by Rafael Roncagliolo
ECUADOR by Pedro Paez

SESSION 12 15:45-17:15 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Latin American & The Caribbean Perspectives 2
(Attention: other tool than Zoom, most probably Jitsi Meet)
Co-chairs: Beatriz Bissio & Monica Bruckmann
ARGENTINA by Altijo Boron
BOLIVIA by Miguel Angel Pérez
CUBA by Leonel Nodal
GUYANA by Devon Dublin
VENEZUELA by Luis Britto García (risk of electricity interruption)

SESSION 13 10:00-12:00 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Western World Perspective
Co-chairs: Dragana Mitrovic & Marco Ricceri
CYPRUS by Marios Evryviadis
FRANCE by Bruno Drweski
ITALY by Giuseppe Sacco
AUSTRIA by Hans Köchler

SESSION 14 14:00-15:30 Cultures-Identities-Ideologies
Co-chairs: Isaac Bazié & Kim Soyoung
GINO Mariana, KI-ZERBO Lazare, Dimension culturelle du non-alignement et décolonisation chez Joseph Ki-Zerbo
LEE Jaesun, Neither Here nor There: Cultural Change and Opportunities for South Korean Adoptees
SARAGIH Tomy Michael, The Concept of Protecting the Country in the Digital Age Based on the Thought of Ki Hadjar Dewantara
SEN Ni (Zoom problem: pre-recorded presentation), 1) Cultural Reflections in Korea’s Pandemic Film; 2) Film Communication within East Asia in the pre-pandemic, pandemic, and post-pandemic era
STOICA Diana Sfetlana, The rise of RIC from BRICS and the cultural transformations in Eastern Africa

SESSION 15 15:45-17:15 Business with Asia 1 (in French or English)
Co-chairs: Stéphane Leydier & Tsvetelin Anastasov
RUFFINI Pierre-Bruno, Picture of present trade situation between Europe and Asia: General information and trends about interactions between EU and RECP countries
LE MARCHAND Arnaud, Evolution of the globalisation and emergence of continent scaled business areas: Between globalisation and regional construction, is a new era of quotas and trade limits coming up?
BONIS Hervé, A changing perspective in international logistics, when the historical European / Asian trade suffers from growing Asian intraregional growth. In this context, how Seafrido, a French Company present in Asia, is developing and adapting.
The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications.

SESSION 16 10:00-12:00 Geopolitics-Globa|lisation-Regionalisation 1
Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Viktor Eszterhai

CORRUBLE Guillaume, Attractiveness of the European offer from an Asian point of view: What products, what services, what innovations, what knowhow in a middle to long term perspective?

LUCENTI Flavia, Th|e China threat: an unnecessarily forward-looking posture

OUIYANG Xiangying, The Enlightenment and Reflections on China’s Road in 70 Years

ESZTERHAI Viktor, Limitations of Hungary’s Eastern Opening Policy in the Light of the World Systems Theory

PARIHAR Seema Mehra, Merging Boundaries during COVID 19 Pandemic: A mental map perspective

SESSION 17 14:00-15:30 Geopolitics-Globa|lisation-Regionalisation 2
Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Viktor Eszterhai / Marzia Casolari

MARKO Dávid, Geopolitics of Indonesia under President Joko Widodo

OBUĆINA Fr Vedran, Ayatollah’s Agreement: Islamic Republic of Iran’s Role in The Contemporary Non-Aligned Movement

KUMAR Devender, India and the Middle East amidst Covid Crisis: Non-alignment to Multi-alignment

KUMAR Mrinalini, India’s Entanglement in the Web of the Emerging Bipolar Dynamic: Need for a Repackaged Non-Al|ignment for a Reimagined Cold War

SESSION 18 15:45-17:15 Geopolitics-Globa|lisation-Regionalisation 3
Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Viktor Eszterhai

ABBAY Alemseged, The Break-up of Ethiopia?

BENCH|ARAD Amine, NEHARI Abdelkader, Algerian diplomatic behavior towards the worsening Libyan crisis

SHILINA Marina G., The NAM and Russia: Transformations and new challenges in the 21st century

NWAEZEIGWE Nwankwo Tony, Black Africa and Third World power equation in global power struggles: The Dilemma of the Neo-Colonial Dimensions of the Bandung and Belgrade Non-Aligned Summits

CIMEK Gracjan, Geopolitical contradictions during the time of the covid-crisis

SESSION 19 10:00-12:00 Gender and Women’s Issues 1
Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar

MOHANTY Bidyut, Women, Covid-19 and the Panchayats: A Perspective on Ecological Economy

GULTOM Eva Solina, Fighting Online Violence against Women during Covid-19 in Indonesia

UGUBUDIAN Lucky Ighosha, Anti-sexual Harassment Movement in Nigeria

SESSION 20 14:00-15:30 Gender and Women’s Issues 2
Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar


SWARNA|HAYEE Tripathy, Women as peace messengers in rural politics and Covid 19

ASHA Hans, Women-headed households, migration and adaptation to climate change in the Mahanadi Delta, India

SESSION 21 15:45-17:15 Gender and Women’s Issues 3
Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar

BASIRI Nasim, Women and Cinema in Pre and Post-Revolutionary Iran

HOSSEINZADEH Fatemeh, Women Singers’ Struggles in Present Iran

ALI Azam, Belief, Truth, Power & Resistance in Art

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 12, 2021

Parallel Sessions

SESSION 22 09:00-10:30 Assessment of NAM 60 Years on from Central-Eastern Europe and Russian Perspectives
Co-chairs: Annamaria Artner & Gracjan Cimek

AZERBEIJAN by Jason E. Strake

RUSSIA by Polina Travert

SESSION 23 10:45-12:15 New Globalism in a Post-Covid World 2
Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohan|ty & Beatriz Bissio

BRUCKMANN Monica, Multilateralism and the New World System: Towards a Planetary Civilization

VEDUTA Elena, Digital transformation of globalization: digital fascism or digital democracy

MALLAVARAPU Siddharth, Making Sense of the ‘Global’ in Post-Covid Times

BISSIO Beatriz, Post-Covid world: Lessons to be learned and voices to be heard

TELLEZ Gabriela Vega, The Mexican Indian people’s resistance in face of the capitalist monopolies and pandemic challenges

SESSION 24 09:00-10:30 The Mediterranean
Co-chairs: Marco Ricci & Mohamed Elchime

ALBIN|YANA I SAIGI Roger, The challenges of post-COVID 19 Mediterranean societies and the prospect of cooperation in the Med area

MOLINARO Enrico, Collective Identity and the Euro-Med Cooperation Revival
The following programme will be updated when necessary with small adjustments and clarifications

TOSTI DI STEFANO Elena, Navigating through competitive multipolarity. The long-standing quest for a comprehensive EU approach in the Southern Mediterranean

PROVENZANO Giuseppe, The Union for the Mediterranean UfM: for a renewed cooperation spirit and strategic projects in Med Area

SESSION 25 10:45-12:15 BRICS-G20
Co-chairs: Marco Ricceri & Dragana Mitrovic
RICCERI Marco, For a new world economic order: the principles of sustainability applied by the BRICS NDB Bank and the main Multilateral Development Banks MDBs
YARIGINA Irina Z., Challenges for BRICS Trade Cooperation
RAIMONDI Paolo, BRICS: local currencies, productive credit and debt reduction. Policies for a new global economic architecture
RIDOLFI Roberto, BRICS and AFRICA: the need of a new investment paradigm for sustainability

SESSION 26 09:00-10:30 Ecology-Sustainability
Co-chairs: Devon Dublin & Paolo Motta
MOTTA Paolo, Sustainable Urban Development and Covid 19 Pandemic Impacts
KUSUMANTO T Yanti, SURTIARI Gusti Ayu Ketut, Dealing with Greater Jakarta flooding inclusively from social, environmental and economic perspectives
UDEH Chiagozie, Financing Climate Adaptation: Key for Africa’s Climate Resilience
CUELLAR-RAMIREZ Palmira, Engagement of young people in climate policies in the Global South

SESSION 27 10:45-12:15 Arms Control & Disarmament
Co-chairs: Gracjan Cimek & Akhil Dutta
HUDSON Kate
KONSTANTAKOPOULOS Dimitris, Irrationalism and Trump's Nuclear Policy
VANAIK Achin, India’s face-offs with Pakistan and China: Geopolitics and Nuclearism
SUHRAWARDY Nilofar, NAM & Nuclear Diplomacy
ROIJ Azril Bacal, Arms Control & Disarmament: A Latin American Perspective on the Construction of Structures/Cultures of Democracy, Justice & Peace

SESSION 28 09:00-10:30 Business with Asia 2
Co-chairs: Stéphane Leydier & Tsvetelin Anastasov
TAMBUNAN Tulus, Investment opportunities for EU SMEs in ASEAN
NG Michelle, Venture Capital and Innovation
RADEV Nas, Data, Cloud and Digital trade: Applying the lessons learned in Europe

SESSION 29 10:45-12:15 Business with Asia (testimony)
Co-chairs: Agathe Jeusset & Najoua Chetioui
ALUMNIS MASTER ASIE
SPRIET Simon (Vietnam)
SALAUN Thibault (Thailand)
PORA Elodie (France)

SESSION 30 09:00-10:30 New Globalism in a Post-Covid World
Co-chairs: Manoranjan Mohanty & Beatriz Bissio
KONSTANTAKOPOULOS Dimitris, Globalization and Imperialism, Nationalism and Capitalism
ZONDI Siphamandla, Delinking, Development Strategy and the Global South: a Decolonial Perspective
MITROVIC Dragana, The BRI and the Tech-war in the Covid and post-Covid world
MANCHANDA Rita, Post Covid Futures: New Globalism and Gender Peace and Security

SESSION 31 10:45-12:15 Geopolitical Economy
Co-chairs: Annamaria Artner & Tulus Tambunan
ARTNER Annamaria, The long transition and Eastern Europe
ASKIN Muki Zaenal, Lessons from A Succeed and Failed Cooperative: Kibbutz Degania (Israel) and KUD Bumijawa (Indonesia) Experience
HAMITOUCHE Youcef, The competition between China and France over economic stakes in Algeria
KLEMSZITS Péter, ZOLTAI Alexandra, The effects of the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) on the ASEAN economies

SESSION 32 09:00-10:30 Gender and Women's Issues 4
Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar
ARIMBI Diah Ariani, Look what Coronavirus has done to us
SUSANTI Emy, Social Capital of Women and the Existence of Local Cultural Handicraft Home-Based Industry during Covid-19 Pandemic in Java Indonesia
KUNTARI Satiti, HAMID Thalca, PRADOPO Seno, TEDJOSASONGKO Udijanto, Increasing Knowledge of Pregnant Women and Mothers of Toddlers about Dental Health and Oral Cavities during the Covid-19 Pandemic in Indonesia
WORO Yuni, SUAEDI Falih, Model for Women Sociopreneurship in Indonesian Family Economic Recovery during the Covid19 Pandemic: Study on Small Buisness Groups in Surabaya

SESSION 33 10:45-12:15 Gender and Women's Issues 5
Co-chairs: Bidyut Mohanty & Diah Ariani Arimbi & Seema Mehra Parihar
SUKESI Keppi, Collective Awareness and Resilience of Women in Higher Education in Indonesia towards Covid-19 Pandemic
AFIFAH Wiwik, The Vulnerability of Women in Policies Handling Covid19 Pandemic in Indonesia
LILIANA Dewi, Increasing Information Literacy for Indonesian Women to Fight Disruptive Information related to Covid-19
BUDIRAHAYU Tutu, SUSANTI Emy, MAS'UDAH Siti, Women's Vulnerability in Economic Problems and Education of Children in Families in the Pandemic Time of Covid-19
FARIDA Anis, Canthelan: A Solution to Share and Care during the Covid-19 Pandemic

Plenary Sessions
SESSION 34 15:00-17:15: PLENARY REPORT FROM EVERY CLUSTER
SESSION 35 17:15-17:45: CONCLUDING REMARKS: Manoranjan Mohanty
WORDS OF THANKS 17:45-18:00: Darwis Khudori